Nombre: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Definite article:**

 a determiner (***the*** in English) that introduces a specific noun and implies that the thing mentioned has already been mentioned, or is common knowledge, or is about to be defined (as in ***the*** *book on* ***the*** *table*)

Spanish has 4 forms that are equivalent to the English definite article ***the***.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***DEFINITE ARTICLES*** | **masculine** | **feminine** |
| **singular** | el | la |
| **plural** | los | las |

Examples:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***DEFINITE ARTICLES*** | **masculine** | **feminine** |
| **singular** | **el** diccionario | **la** computadora |
| **plural** | **los** diccionarios | **las** computadoras |

 **A.** Circle the Spanish definite articles in the following paragraph:

El autobús viene a la casa todos los días. La escuela está lejos de las casas. Los estudiantes van a la biblioteca los lunes y los miércoles. El profesor no necesita el mapa porque la biblioteca está cerca de las clases.

 **B.** Write the definite article (el, la, los, or las) in front of the Spanish nouns below.

 Plural nouns end in an “s”

 **(m)** indicates and *masculine* noun, **(f)** indicates a *feminine* noun.

 \_\_\_\_\_\_ cosa (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ chica (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ video (m)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_ profesoras (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ autobuses (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ mujeres (f)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_ cuaderno (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ escuelas (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ problemas(m)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_ hombres (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ día (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ lección (f)

**Indefinite article:**

a determiner (***a*** and ***an*** in English) that introduces a noun phrase and implies that the thing referred to is nonspecific (as in *she bought me* ***a*** *book)*

Spanish has 4 forms that are equivalent to the English indefinite articles ***a/an***.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***INDEFINITE ARTICLES*** | **masculine** | **feminine** |
| **singular** | un | una |
| **plural** | unos | unas |

Examples:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***INDEFINITE ARTICLES*** | **masculine** | **feminine** |
| **singular** | **un** diccionario | **una** computadora |
| **plural** | **unos** diccionarios | **unas** computadoras |

 **A.** Circle the Spanish indefinite articles in the following paragraph:

Hay una vaca a la granja de un granjero. Su vaca tiene un nombre; es “calabaza” porque ella tiene una cabeza muy redonda. También, tiene unos caballos y unas gallinas. Una gallina es marrón y un caballo es blanco.

 **B.** Write the indefinite article (un, una, unos, or unas) in front of the Spanish nouns below.

 Plural nouns end in an “s”

 **(m)** indicates and *masculine* noun, **(f)** indicates a *feminine* noun.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ foto (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ comunidad (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ joven (m)

\_\_\_\_\_\_ estudiantes (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ nombres (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ palabras (f)

\_\_\_\_\_\_ chico (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ conversaciones (f) \_\_\_\_\_\_ números (m)

\_\_\_\_\_\_ países (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ mapa (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ mano (f)